

UPPMAX Introduction

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Martin Dahlö martin.dahlo@nbis.se









Enables for Life Sciences



Objectives

What is UPPMAX what it provides

Projects at UPPMAX

How to access UPPMAX

Jobs and queuing systems

How to use the resources of UPPMAX

How to use the resources of UPPMAX in a good way! Efficiency!!!





Uppsala Multidisciplinary Center for Advanced Computational Science http://www.uppmax.uu.se

2 (3) computer clusters





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- Rackham: ~ 500 nodes à 20 cores (128, 256 & 1024 GB RAM)
 + Snowy (old Milou): ~ 200 nodes à 16 cores (128, 256 & 512 GB RAM)



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Bioinformatics software



The basic structure of supercomputer



node = computer



The basic structure of supercomputer





node = computer



The basic structure of supercomputer

Calculation node	s	Storage



node = computer



The basic structure of supercomputer









Job

The basic structure of a supercomputer

Parallel computing Not one super fast







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UPPMAX provides its resources via

projects





UPPMAX provides its resources via

projects

compute (core-hours/month)

storage (GB)







Two separate projects:

<u>SNIC compute</u>: cluster **Rackham 2000 - 100 000+** core-hours/month **128** GB storage

<u>UPPMAX Storage</u>: storage system **CREX 1 - 100+** TB storage









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How to access UPPMAX

SSH to a cluster

ssh -Y your_username@cluster_name.uppmax.uu.se



How to access UPPMAX

SSH to Rackham

VG-MBP:~ valentingeorgiev\$ ssh -Y valent@rackham.uppmax.uu.se Last login: Sun Oct 22 10:14:21 2017 from host-95-195-196-83.mobileonline.telia.com

	1	\	_ \	\/ /	1 /	1	11	11	
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i i_	Ιİ.	/	/	ÌÌ	1/	_ \	1	١	
۱	_/ _	-	_ .	_ _	1_1	_\	1_1	_\	

System:	rackham1			
User:	valent			
Jobs:	0 running			
Queue:	0 pending			

User Guides: http://www.uppmax.uu.se/support/user-guides FAQ: http://www.uppmax.uu.se/support/faq

Write to support@uppmax.uu.se, if you have questions or comments.

[valent@rackham1 ~]\$















How to use UPPMAX

Login nodes

use them to access UPPMAX, never use them to run **jobs**

Calculation nodes

do your work here - testing and running, not accessible directly, SLURM (queueing system) gives you access



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Job (computing)

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For other uses, see <u>Job (Unix)</u> and <u>Job stream</u>.

In computing, a job is a unit of work or unit of execution (that performs said work). A component of a job (as a unit of work) is called a <u>task</u> or a *step* (if sequential, as in a job stream). As a unit of execution, a job may be concretely identified with a single <u>process</u>, which may in turn have subprocesses (<u>child processes</u>; the process corresponding to the job being the <u>parent process</u>) which perform the tasks or steps that comprise the work of the job; or with a <u>process group</u>; or with an abstract reference to a process or process group, as in <u>Unix job</u> <u>control</u>.





Read/open files

Do something with the data

Print/save output



















SLURM

workload manager job queue batch queue job scheduler

> SLURM (Simple Linux Utility for Resource Management) free and open source


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1) Ask for resource and run jobs manually For testing, possibly small jobs, specific programs needing user input while running

2) Write a script and submit it to SLURM Submits an automated job to the job queue, runs when it's your turn





1) Ask for resource and run jobs manually







1) Ask for resource and run jobs manually

salloc -A snic2022-22-1124 -p core -n 1 -t 00:05:00

salloc - command mandatory job parameters:

- -A project ID (who "pays")
 - node or core (the type of resource)
- -n number of nodes/cores
- -t time

-p



salloc -A snic2022-22-1124 -p core -n 1 -t 00:05:00

- -A this course project snic2022-22-769 you have to be a member
- -p 1 node = 20 cores1 hour walltime = 20 core-hours
- -n number of cores (default value = 1)
- -t format hh:mm:ss or - dd-hh:mm:ss default value= 7-00:00:00

jobs killed when time limit reaches - always overestimate ~ 50%



Information about your jobs

squeue -u <user>

[valent@milou2 valent]\$ squeue -u valent JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TI 11334919 core sh valent R 0:

TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON) 0:11 1 m164



SSH to a calculation node (from a login node)

ssh -Y <node_name>





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Write to support@uppmax.uu.se, if you have questions or comments.

[valent@m164 ~]\$







1a) Ask for node/core and run jobs manually

Interactive - books a node and connects you to it

interactive -A snic2022-22-1124 -p core -n 1 -t 00:05:00

111	_	<u> </u>		1 /	\ \ \	// 9
111	_) _)	V	1/_	1 1	/ [1
_	_	_/	/	1/	_ \ /	1 1 3
١	/1_1	1_1	1_1 1	_/_/	_\/_/	_\ C

System: m1 Jser: valent Jobs: 1 running Queue: 0 pending

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[valent@m1 valent]\$



2) Write a script and submit it to SLURM

put all commands in a text file - script

tell SLURM to run the script (use the same job parameters)



2) Write a script and submit it to SLURM

put all commands in a text file - script

#! /bin/bash -l
#SBATCH -A g2012157
#SBATCH -p core
#SBATCH -J Template_script
#SBATCH -t 08:00:00

go to some directory
cd ~/glob

do something
echo Hello world!



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#! /bin/bash -l
#SBATCH -A g2012157
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#SBATCH -J Template_script
#SBATCH -t 08:00:00

go to some directory
cd ~/glob

do something
echo Hello world!

job parameters

tasks to be done



2) Write a script and submit it to SLURM

put all commands in a text file - script

#! /bin/bash -l
#SBATCH -A g2012157
#SBATCH -p node
#SBATCH -J Template_script
#SBATCH -t 08:00:00

go to the correct directory
cd /home/dahlo/glob/work/uppmaxScripts/misc

run tophat on the data, using 8 cores
tophat -p 8 /bubo/proj/g2012157/indexes/bowtie/hg19 tophat/input/ad12.fq



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sbatch test.sbatch



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sbatch - command
test.sbatch - name of the script file



2) Write a script and submit it to SLURM

tell SLURM to run the script (use the same job parameters)

sbatch -A snic2022-22-1124 -p core -n 1 -t 00:05:00 test.sbatch



SLURM Output

Prints to a file instead of terminal

slurm-<job id>.out

```
[valent@milou2 temp]$ 11
total 32
-rw-rw-r-- 1 valent valent 209 Oct 22 13:34 test.sbatch
[valent@milou2 temp]$ sbatch test.sbatch
Submitted batch job 11334939
[valent@milou2 temp]$ 11
total 64
-rw-rw-r-- 1 valent valent 31 Oct 22 13:35 slurm-11334939.out
-rw-rw-r-- 1 valent valent 209 Oct 22 13:34 test.sbatch
[valent@milou2 temp]$ cat slurm-11334939.out
this goes to slurm-<jobID>.out
[valent@milou2 temp]$ cat test.sbatch
#!/bin/bash -1
#SBATCH -A b2015245
#SBATCH -p core
#SBATCH -n 1
#SBATCH -t 00:05:00
# go to dir work
cd ~/work
```

do something useless echo "this goes to slurm-<jobID>.out" echo "Hello, world!" > hello.txt [valent@milou2 temp]\$



Squeue

Shows information about your jobs

squeue -u <user>

```
jobinfo -u <user>
```



Queue System

SLURM user guide go to http://www.uppmax.uu.se/ click User Guides (left-hand side menu) click Slurm user guide



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or just google "uppmax slurm user guide"

link:

http://www.uppmax.uu.se/support/user-guides/slurm-u ser-guide/



UPPMAX Software

100+ programs installed

Managed by a 'module system' Installed, but hidden Manually loaded before use



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Managed by a 'module system' Installed, but hidden Manually loaded before use

module avail
module load <module name>
module unload <module name>
module list
module spider <word>

- Lists all available modules
- Loads the module
- Unloads the module
- Lists loaded modules
- Searches all modules after 'word'



UPPMAX Software

Most bioinfo programs hidden under bioinfo-tools Load bioinfo-tools first, then program module

[dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$ module load cufflinks/1.2.1 ModuleCmd_Load.c(200):ERROR:105: Unable to locate a modulefile for 'cufflinks/1.2.1' [dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$ module load bioinfo-tools [dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$ module load cufflinks/1.2.1 [dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$

or

[dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$ module load samtools ModuleCmd Load.c(200):ERROR:105: Unable to locate a modulefile for 'samtools' [dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$ module load bioinfo-tools samtools [dahlo@kalkyl3 work]\$ [dahlo@kalkyl4 work]\$ module load bioinfo-tools
[dahlo@kalkyl4 work]\$ module avail

	/bubo/sw/	mf/kalkyl/bioinfo-too	ls/alignment		
MUMmer/3.22(default) blast/2.2		4(default)	mag/0.7.1(default)		
anfo/0.97	blast/2.2.2	4+	mosaik-aligner/1.0.1388(default)		
anfo/0.98(default)	blast/2.2.2	15	mosaik-aligner/1.1.0021		
blast/2.2.15 blat/34			mniblast/1 6 0(default)		
blast/2.2.13 blat/34			snlitseek/1 3 2		
blast/2.2.10	bwa/0.5.00		splitseek/1.2.4/default)		
blast/2.2.23+	hmmer/3.0		splitseek/1.3.4(default)		
	/bubo/sw/	mf/kalkyl/bioinfo-too	ls/assembly		
Ray/0.0.4	abyss/1.2.4	abyss/1.3.0	velvet/1.0.03(default)		
Ray/0.0.7(default)	abyss/1.2.5(default)	abyss/1.3.2	velvet/1.1.04		
Ray/1.6.1	abyss/1.2.7	mira/3.0.0	velvet/1.1.04 K101		
abyss/1.2.3	abyss/1.2.7-maxk96	mira/3.2.0(default)	velvet/1.1.07		
	the to the				
Dellessentes (1, 7, 1	/Dubo/s	w/mi/katkyt/bioinio-t	00(S/MISC		
Bellonverter/1.7.1	Treebayes/	0.8.9	samtools/0.1.12-10(default)		
B10Perl/1.6.1	Treebayes/	0.9.4	samtools/0.1.16		
B10Per1/1.6.1_PERL5.10	.1(detault) gcta/0.92.	0	samtools/0.1.18		
BioPerl/1.6.1_PERL5.12	.3 gcta/0.92.	6	samtools/0.1.7a		
FastQC/0.6.1	genometool	.s/1.3.5(default)	samtools/0.1.8		
FastQC/0.7.2(default)	htseq/0.4.	6	samtools/0.1.9		
Fastx/0.0.13(default)	htseq/0.5.	1	snpEff/2.0.3		
IGV/1.5.51	matrix2png	1/1.2.1	trinity/2011-05-13		
biopython/1.56	picard/1.4	10	trinity/2011-10-29		
cellprofiler/20111024	picard/1.4	1			
emmax/beta-07Mar2010	plink/1.07				
	10.000				
	/bubo/sw/	mT/Kalkyl/blointo-too	ls/pnylogeny		
concaterpillar/1.4	garl1/2.0	raxml/7.0.4(detault)	raxm1/7.2.8		
garli/0.96b8(default)	mrbayes/3.1.2-mpi	raxml/7.2.7			
	/bubo/sw/	/mf/kalkvl/bioinfo-too	ls/pipelines		
ab wtp/1.1(default)	cufflinks/0.9.2	cufflinks/1.1.0	tophat/1.2.0		
bowtie/0.12.6(default)	cufflinks/0.9.3	cufflinks/1.2.1	tophat/1.3.3		



UPPMAX Commands

uquota

[dahlo@biologin work]\$ uquota	lisade (GR)	Quota Limit (GB)	Over Quota	Grace Time
Tour File Area	USage (UD)	Quota Limit (OD)	over Quota	
dahlo glob	196	2048		-
dahlo home	4	32		-
/proj/b2010015	229	256		
/proj/b2010015/nobackup	Θ	512		-
/proj/b2010033	132	6348		
/proj/b2010033/nobackup	27	512		-



projinfo

UPPMAX Commands

[dahlo@kalkyl4 work]\$ projinfo
(Counting the number of core hours used since 2012-08-19/00:00:00 until now.)

Project User	Used[h]	Current allocation [h/month]
b2010015 ameur	1257.20 1257.20	2000
b2010069	0.00	2000
b2010074 dahlo seba	110.98 1.01 109.97	2000
b2012044	0.00	2000
g2012005	0.00	2000
g2012083	0.00	2000
g2012157 dahlo	0.12 0.12	2000

[dahlo@kalkyl4 work]\$



UPPMAX Commands

projplot -A <proj-id>

(-h for more options)

			Core hour	s used in inte	erval: ~2	9 173 (72.93%)			
				Limit:	40 000				
Cores u	sed								
+	+-	+	+	++	+	-++-	+	+	++-
450 +									
400 +				* *					
				* *					

350 +				***		*			
				***		*			
				***		*			
300 +				***		*		**	*
				* ***		*		**	*
250 +	*			* ***		*		**	*
	*	*	*	* ***		*		**	**
200	**	*	** *	* ***		*		**	**
200 +	**	* *	**** **	* ***		*		**	**
150	***	******	* *******	* ***		*		**	**
120 +		******	* *******	* *** *		*		**	**
	****	******	* *******	* *****		*		**	*** *
100	***** *	* ******	* *******	*********		*		**	*** ***
100 4	*******	* ******	* ********	*********	*	*		**	*** ***
50 +	******	* ******	* *******	****	*	*		**	*** ****
50 4	******	* ******	******	****	**	*		**	******
	******	* ******	** *********	*****	**	** **		**	*******
- ×	*****	********	***********	**********	* **	. ** * . ** .		*****	

[dahlo@biologin slurm-usage]\$



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UPPMAX Commands

Plot efficiency

\$ jobstats -p -A <projid>

m83 -1600% 120--1500% -1400% -1300% 100--1200% -1100% 6009 GB used (max 126 GB) 09 -1000% -900% -800% -700% hand -600% 40-Core -500% -400% -300% 20--200% -100% -0% 0-0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000

Wall minutes since job start (5 min resolution, max 4860 min)

2719328 on 'milou' end: 2014-09-09T08:26:34 runtime: 03-08:59:53

Flags: mem_underused:126:0

2934193 on 'milou' end: 2014-09-26T01:40:23 runtime: 13:30:23

Flags: mem_underused:504.7:7.9 node_type_misbooked:mem512GB:mem128GB





Flags: none



Take-home messages

• The difference between user account and project



Take-home messages

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- Login nodes are not for running jobs



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- Do not ask for more cores/nodes than your job can actually use



Take-home messages

- The difference between user account and project
- Login nodes are not for running jobs
- SLURM gives you access to the compute nodes when you specify a project that you are member of
- Use interactive for quick jobs and for testing
- Do not ask for more cores/nodes than your job can actually use
- A job script usually consists of: Job settings (-A, -p, -n, -t) Modules to be loaded Bash code to perform actions Run a program, or multiple programs



Laboratory time! (again)

https://uppsala.instructure.com/courses/76870/pages/linux-2-uppmax-lab